Prior Authorization: Common Diagnostic and Billing Codes



Indication

CRYSVITA (burosumab-twza) is a fibroblast growth factor 23 (FGF23) blocking antibody indicated for:

- The treatment of X-linked hypophosphatemia (XLH) in adult and pediatric patients 6 months of age and older¹
- The treatment of FGF23-related hypophosphatemia in tumor-induced osteomalacia (TIO) associated with phosphaturic mesenchymal tumors that cannot be curatively resected or localized in adult and pediatric patients 2 years of age and older

| ICD-10 Codes² | | |
|---------------|--------|--|
| XLH | E83.31 | Familial hypophosphatemia |
| ALH | E83.39 | Other disorders of phosphorus metabolism |
| TIO | M83.8 | Other adult osteomalacia |

| CPT Codes ² | | |
|------------------------|-------|---|
| XLH or TIO | 96401 | Chemotherapy administration, subcutaneous or intramuscular, nonhormonal antineoplastic |
| ALH OF TIO | 96372 | Therapeutic, prophylactic, or diagnostic injection (specify substance or drug); subcutaneous or intramuscular |

| Home Health Care Nursing Codes ³ | | |
|---|-------|---|
| XLH or TIO | 99601 | Home Infusion Procedures and Services - Use this code for up to the first two hours of a visit |
| | 99602 | Home Infusion Procedures and Services - Use this code for each additional hour of the visit after the first two hours |

Use of the above ICD-10 or CPT codes does not guarantee that claims related to the treatment of patients with XLH or TIO will be reimbursed by a health plan. Please refer to the specific health plan when deciding how to submit a claim for care.

This checklist should be used for educational purposes only. Many health insurers have developed specific policies and criteria for their prior authorization process when it comes to approving the use of CRYSVITA to treat patients with XLH and TIO. Please refer to the patient's health plan for specific criteria and documentation requirements. This prior authorization checklist is not intended as a diagnostic tool for XLH or TIO and should not be a substitute for a healthcare provider's clinical expertise.

Important Safety Information

CONTRAINDICATIONS

CRYSVITA is contraindicated:

- In concomitant use with oral phosphate and/or active vitamin D analogs (e.g., calcitriol, paricalcitol, doxercalciferol, calcifediol) due to the risk of hyperphosphatemia
- When serum phosphorus is within or above the normal range for age
- In patients with severe renal impairment or end stage renal disease because these conditions are associated with abnormal mineral metabolism

Please see additional Important Safety Information throughout. For important risk and use information, please click to see full Prescribing Information for CRYSVITA.

Prior Authorization: Common Documentation for Diagnosis of XLH



The following diagnosis criteria are a representation of common signs and symptoms that may help diagnose XLH and meet some common payer requirements. This is not to suggest that use of CRYSVITA will improve these clinical symptoms. Additional documentation may be required.

| Biochemical Markers ^a | Clinical Presentation | Genetic Testing | Additional Requirements |
|---|--|--|---|
| Low fasting serum phosphate Elevated alkaline phosphatase (ALP) (patients aged <18 years) Elevated bone-specific alkaline phosphatase (BAP) (patients aged ≥18 years) Decreased TmP/GFR Elevated or inappropriately normal FGF23 levels^b Low or inappropriately normal 1,25(OH)_oD | Rickets in pediatrics Osteomalacia in adults Skeletal deformities Fractures/ pseudofractures Past orthopedic surgeries Enthesopathy Frequent dental abscesses that may lead to tooth loss Growth impairment | Confirmed PHEX mutation^b Confirmed PHEX mutation in directly related family member | Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an endocrinologist, nephrologist, geneticist, or other specialist experienced in the treatment of metabolic bone disorders Individual does not have severe renal impairment or end stage renal disease Office visit notes |

Prior/Current Disease Management Interventions

- Use of oral phosphate agent
- Use of active vitamin D therapy

Documentation That May Be Used for Reauthorization/Continuation of Therapy

| Biochemical Markers | Clinical Presentation |
|--|--|
| Increased/normalized fasting serum phosphate^c Reduction in serum alkaline phosphatase in pediatrics Increased TmP/GFR from baseline | Notes on patient's clinical presentation and additional documentation as required by payer |

^aAppropriate for age and gender.

Important Safety Information (cont.)

WARNINGS AND PRECAUTIONS

Hypersensitivity

 Hypersensitivity reactions (e.g., rash, urticaria) have been reported in patients with CRYSVITA. Discontinue CRYSVITA if serious hypersensitivity reactions occur and initiate appropriate medical treatment

Please see additional Important Safety Information throughout. For important risk and use information, please click to see full Prescribing Information for CRYSVITA.

bMany current health plan policies require the testing of either PHEX mutations or FGF23 levels for approval.

For adults: check monthly, 2 weeks post-dose for the first 3 months of treatment, and thereafter as appropriate. For pediatric patients: check every 4 weeks for the first 3 months of treatment, and thereafter as appropriate.

Prior Authorization: Common Documentation for Diagnosis of TIO



The following diagnosis criteria are a representation of common signs and symptoms that may help diagnose TIO and meet some common payer requirements. This is not to suggest that use of CRYSVITA will improve these clinical symptoms. Additional documentation may be required.

| Biochemical Markers ^a | Clinical Presentation | Imaging | Additional Requirements |
|---|--|-------------------------------------|---|
| Decreased fasting serum phosphate level for age Decreased TmP/GFR Elevated or inappropriately normal FGF23 levels | Disease is associated with a phosphaturic mesenchymal tumor that cannot be curatively resected or identified/localized Osteomalacia, fractures, musculoskeletal pain, fatigue | □ Functional/ anatomical imaging | Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an endocrinologist, nephrologist, rheumatologist, or specialist in TIO Individual does not have severe renal impairment or end stage renal disease Office visit notes |

Prior/Current Disease Management Interventions

☐ History of inadequate response, contraindication, or intolerance to oral phosphate, active vitamin D, or both

Documentation That May Be Used for Reauthorization/Continuation of Therapy

| Biochemical Markers | Clinical Presentation |
|--|--|
| □ Patient achieved and sustained an improvement in serum phosphate levels ^b | Notes on patient's clinical presentation and additional documentation as required by payer |

^aAppropriate for age and gender.

Important Safety Information (cont.)

WARNINGS AND PRECAUTIONS (cont.)

Hyperphosphatemia and Risk of Nephrocalcinosis

- Increases in serum phosphorus to above the upper limit of normal may be associated with an increased risk
 of nephrocalcinosis. For patients already taking CRYSVITA, dose interruption and/or dose reduction may be
 required based on a patient's serum phosphorus levels
- Patients with TIO who undergo treatment of the underlying tumor should have dosing interrupted and adjusted to prevent hyperphosphatemia

Please see additional Important Safety Information throughout. For important risk and use information, please click to see full <u>Prescribing Information</u> for CRYSVITA.

For adults and pediatric patients: check monthly, 2 weeks post-dose, for the first 3 months of treatment, and thereafter as appropriate.

Questions? Ask a representative, or call Kyowa Kirin Cares at 833-KK-CARES (833-552-2737) Monday through Friday, 8 AM to 8 PM (ET).



Important Safety Information (cont.)

WARNINGS AND PRECAUTIONS (cont.) Injection Site Reactions

 Administration of CRYSVITA may result in local injection site reactions. Discontinue CRYSVITA if severe injection site reactions occur and administer appropriate medical treatment

ADVERSE REACTIONS Pediatric Patients

- Adverse reactions reported in 10% or more of CRYSVITA-treated pediatric XLH patients across three studies are: pyrexia (55%, 44%, and 62%), injection site reaction (52%, 67%, and 23%), cough (52%), vomiting (41%, 48%, and 46%), pain in extremity (38%, 46%, and 23%), headache (34% and 73%), tooth abscess (34%, 15%, and 23%), dental caries (31%), diarrhea (24%), vitamin D decreased (24%, 37%, and 15%), toothache (23% and 15%), constipation (17%), myalgia (17%), rash (14% and 27%), dizziness (15%), and nausea (10%)
- Postmarketing experience reported in CRYSVITA-treated pediatric XLH patients: blood phosphorus increased

Adult Patients

- Adverse reactions reported in more than 5% of CRYSVITA-treated adult XLH patients and in at least 2 patients more than placebo in one study are: back pain (15%), headache (13%), tooth infection (13%), restless legs syndrome (12%), vitamin D decreased (12%), dizziness (10%), constipation (9%), muscle spasms (7%), and blood phosphorus increased (6%)
- Spinal stenosis is prevalent in adults with XLH, and spinal cord compression has been reported. It is unknown if CRYSVITA therapy exacerbates spinal stenosis or spinal cord compression
- Adverse reactions reported in more than 10% of CRYSVITA-treated adult TIO patients in two studies are: tooth abscess (19%), muscle spasms (19%), dizziness (15%), constipation (15%), injection site reaction (15%), rash (15%), and headache (11%)

USE IN SPECIFIC POPULATIONS

- There are no available data on CRYSVITA use in pregnant women to inform a drug-associated risk of adverse developmental outcomes. Serum phosphorus levels should be monitored throughout pregnancy. Report pregnancies to the Kyowa Kirin, Inc. Adverse Event reporting line at 1-844-768-3544
- There is no information regarding the presence of CRYSVITA in human milk or the effects of CRYSVITA on milk production or the breastfed infant.
 Therefore, the developmental and health benefits of breastfeeding should be considered along with the mother's clinical need for CRYSVITA and any potential adverse effects on the breastfed infant from CRYSVITA or from the underlying maternal condition

PATIENT COUNSELING INFORMATION

- Advise patients not to use any oral phosphate and/ or active vitamin D analog products
- Instruct patients to contact their physician if hypersensitivity reactions, injection site reactions, and restless legs syndrome induction or worsening of symptoms occur

You may report side effects to the FDA at (800) FDA-1088 or www.fda.gov/medwatch. You may also report side effects to Kyowa Kirin, Inc. at 1-844-768-3544.

For important risk and use information, please see the full <u>Prescribing Information</u> for CRYSVITA.

References: 1. CRYSVITA. Prescribing Information. Kyowa Kirin Inc. Princeton, NJ. **2.** American Academy of Professional Coders. ICD-10-CM 2023. Salt Lake City, UT: American Academy of Professional Coders; 2022. **3.** American Medical Association. CPT 2023 Professional Edition. Chicago, IL: American Medical Association; 2022.

